### Cambridge IGCSE™

# CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES Paper 5 Practical Test MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 60 Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2023 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of 10 printed pages.

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## Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

#### Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

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#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:**

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

#### **Science-Specific Marking Principles**

- 1 Examiners should consider the context and scientific use of any keywords when awarding marks. Although keywords may be present, marks should not be awarded if the keywords are used incorrectly.
- The examiner should not choose between contradictory statements given in the same question part, and credit should not be awarded for any correct statement that is contradicted within the same question part. Wrong science that is irrelevant to the question should be ignored.
- Although spellings do not have to be correct, spellings of syllabus terms must allow for clear and unambiguous separation from other syllabus terms with which they may be confused (e.g. ethane / ethene, glucagon / glycogen, refraction / reflection).
- The error carried forward (ecf) principle should be applied, where appropriate. If an incorrect answer is subsequently used in a scientifically correct way, the candidate should be awarded these subsequent marking points. Further guidance will be included in the mark scheme where necessary and any exceptions to this general principle will be noted.

#### 5 <u>'List rule' guidance</u>

For questions that require *n* responses (e.g. State **two** reasons ...):

- The response should be read as continuous prose, even when numbered answer spaces are provided.
- Any response marked *ignore* in the mark scheme should not count towards *n*.
- Incorrect responses should not be awarded credit but will still count towards *n*.
- Read the entire response to check for any responses that contradict those that would otherwise be credited. Credit should **not** be awarded for any responses that are contradicted within the rest of the response. Where two responses contradict one another, this should be treated as a single incorrect response.
- Non-contradictory responses after the first *n* responses may be ignored even if they include incorrect science.

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#### 6 Calculation specific guidance

Correct answers to calculations should be given full credit even if there is no working or incorrect working, **unless** the question states 'show your working'.

For questions in which the number of significant figures required is not stated, credit should be awarded for correct answers when rounded by the examiner to the number of significant figures given in the mark scheme. This may not apply to measured values.

For answers given in standard form (e.g.  $a \times 10^n$ ) in which the convention of restricting the value of the coefficient (a) to a value between 1 and 10 is not followed, credit may still be awarded if the answer can be converted to the answer given in the mark scheme.

Unless a separate mark is given for a unit, a missing or incorrect unit will normally mean that the final calculation mark is not awarded. Exceptions to this general principle will be noted in the mark scheme.

#### 7 Guidance for chemical equations

Multiples / fractions of coefficients used in chemical equations are acceptable unless stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

State symbols given in an equation should be ignored unless asked for in the question or stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	column / row clearly indicated for milk and rice water;	2
	column / row clearly indicated for biuret and iodine (observations);	
1(a)(ii)	milk purple with biuret; brown with iodine;  rice blue with biuret; blue-black with iodine;	4
1(a)(iii)	milk contains protein; rice water contains starch;	2
1(b)(i)	ensure nutrient mixes in the water / difficult to do nutrient test on a solid ;	1
1(b)(ii)	No gradation of colour / qualitative not quantitative AW;	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	quality – clear and continuous outline with oval shape and pointed at one end ;	3
	minimum size ;	
	internal detail ;	
2(b)(i)	60;	1
2(b)(ii)	line and correct measurement ;	1
2(b)(iii)	correct calculation ;	2
	to 2 s.f.;	
2(c)	differences size shape more internal structures / parts in Euglena pointed end in Euglena cilia or flagella in Chlamydomonas size of nucleus one has a vacuole ;; similarities nucleus (cell) membrane cytoplasm ;	3

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# Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	white ppt;	3
	cream ppt ;	
	yellow ppt ;	
3(b)	all grey / purple ;	1
3(c)	(filter) funnel filter paper residue  flask label to match drawing  filtrate filter funnel with paper with a V at the bottom and 1 apparatus labels;  filtrate and residue labelled;	2

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# Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	temperature at 0.0 min ;	4
	all temperatures ;	
	approx. same up to 1.5, (very large) jump at 2.5, decreasing to end;	
	all to 0.5 °C;	
4(b)(i)	axes correct orientation and labelled with quantity and unit ;	3
	sensible linear scales + 5 °C with plotted points ≥ ½ grid ;	
	points plotted correctly $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square ;	
4(b)(ii)	line for first 1.5 minutes and extended to 2 minutes ;	2
	line for 2.5 to 7 minutes and extended to 2 minutes ;	
4(b)(iii)	$T_{H}$ ;	2
	$T_{L}$ ;	
4(b)(iv)	$\Delta T$ ;	1
4(c)	correct calculation for Q;	1
4(d)	add a lid / insulation / polystyrene cup ;	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	correct parallel connection and voltmeter symbol ;	1
5(b)	V recorded and < 3 V ;	2
	/ recorded and < 1 A ;	
5(c)	V and / recorded;	2
	/ less than in (b) and dimmer than circuit 1 (however expressed);	
5(d)	V and / recorded ;	2
	/ greater than in (b) and (c) ;	
5(e)	R value for circuit 3 < that for circuit 1 and circuit 2;	1
5(f)(i)	both lamps go out / ammeter reads 0 ;	1
5(f)(ii)	test lamps individually with the cell	1
	and check for a current / see which lamp does not light ;	
5(g)	circuit 3 – the lamps are brighter ;	1
5(h)	$(R_2 \div 2)$ or $R_1 \times 2$ and evaluated ;	2
	10% calculation and correct statement to match results (expect numbers) and a suitable comment;	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6	one mark from each section and any two others	7
	method repeat with an identical wire and measure mass when breaks (in method); repeat for wires of different materials / different wires; ruler and measure length of wire / vernier / micrometer and measure diameter of wire;	
	safety wear goggles to protect eyes from flying wire (bits) / clamp the stand to protect hands / feet from stand falling toppling over / use layer of foam to protect bench from falling load / steel capped boots / (closed) shoes to protect feet from falling load;	
	table columns for metal / wire and mass / load ; with unit for the mass / load ;	
	control variables diameter / cross-sectional area of the wire ; length of wire ;	
	processing for conclusion repeats are to exclude anomalies (before averaging) / average to exclude anomalies ;	
	plot bar chart / histogram of mass / load against metal; if different materials need different loads then material makes a difference to mass needed to break;	

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